**FASTRAC® ALL-WEATHER BLOX™**

Norway rats, roof rats and house mice usually consume a lethal dose in a single night’s feeding, but it may take two more days from the time of bait consumption for rodents to die.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

FASTRAC

Mold Resistant

This Product May Only be Used Inside and KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN • See back panels for First Aid and CAUTION handling equipment, or milk or meat handling equipment or surfaces that come into direct contact with food. When and public buildings, transport vehicles (ships, trains, aircraft), docks and port of terminal buildings and related 100 feet of man-made structures constructed in a manner so as to be vulnerable to commensal rodent invasions children, pets, non-target mammals, or birds may access the bait.

Bait stations are mandatory for outdoor, above-ground use. Tamper-resistant bait stations must be used if stronger bait stations are needed in areas open to hoofed livestock, raccoons, bears or other potentially destructive

IMPORTANT: Do not expose children, pets, or nontarget animals to rodenticides. To help prevent exposure:

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE** (Continued from other panel)

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**Package**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be placed in trash or delivered to an approved waste disposal facility.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

**LETTER OF GUARANTEE:**

**WARRANTY:**

Approved by EPA and Health Canada.

**EP A REG. NO.: 12455-95**

**EP A EST. NO.: 12455-WI-1**

**Manufactured by:**

Madison, WI 53704 U.S.A.

**قطة القتال**
KILLS NORWAY RATS, ROOF RATS AND HOUSE MICE

Mold Resistant • Moisture Resistant

NET WT: 4 lbs (1.8 kg)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

FOLLOW-UP:

Although one night’s feeding will usually provide a lethal dose, maintain bait for at least one week to provide all rodents with an opportunity to consume the lethal dose. Normally, the volume of bait consumed will be significantly less with bromethalin baits than with anticoagulant baits. Highest bait consumption is expected to occur on the first day or two after treatment begins. After that, it may be necessary to add more bait to provide rodent infestations with a continuous supply of lethal bait. Generally, these areas are along walls, by gnawed openings, in corners and concealed places, between floors and ceilings, and underground and in basements. Bait blocks should be placed to provide easy access for rodents. When possible, bait stations should be placed in areas where they will be least noticeable to people. Normally, treatment will be necessary for 1 to 3 days, depending on the size of the infestation. After this period, follow-up treatment, using the amounts of bait described below, is required every 7 to 10 days until the problem is solved. Where a continuous source of infestation is present, the problem may not be solved in a single treatment. Where there is heavy feeding, it may be necessary to use more bait than specified below. In some cases, as much as 1 lb of bait per placement may be required. In areas where there is continued evidence of rodent activity, repeat treatment may be required. Where an animal has eaten a lethal dose of bromethalin bait, prompt veterinary treatment should be sought.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

Place 2 to 12 blocks per placement (usually at intervals of 15 to 30 feet). Adjust the amount of bait applied to the amount of alternative food as possible. In places where rodents are highly concentrated, placement of bait may be required every one to two days. In some cases, as much as 1 lb of bait may be required per placement. In areas where there is continued evidence of rodent activity, repeat treatment may be required. Where an animal has eaten a lethal dose of bromethalin bait, prompt veterinary treatment should be sought.

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