1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

TERMIDOR(R) 80 WG finished spray

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

* The “Recommended use” identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller’s published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller’s sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
BASF CORPORATION
100 Park Avenue
Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Other means of identification

Substance number: 209591
Molecular formula: C12 H4 Cl2 F6 N4 OS
Chemical family: phenyl pyrazole
Synonyms: fipronil

2. Hazards Identification


Classification of the product

No need for classification according to GHS criteria for this product.

Label elements

The product does not require a hazard warning label in accordance with GHS criteria.

Emergency overview

CAUTION:
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
HARMFUL IF INHALED.
May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Do not breathe vapours/mists.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120068-37-3</td>
<td>0.06 %</td>
<td>Fipronil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>120068-37-3</td>
<td>0.06 %</td>
<td>Fipronil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>99.94 %</td>
<td>Inert ingredients</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:
First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm.

If on skin:
Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

If in eyes:
Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

If swallowed:
Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: CNS stimulation, tremors, convulsions

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician
Antidote: No known specific antidote.
Treatment: Treat symptomatically. Anticonvulsant therapy as routinely administered to humans. Based on animal studies diazepam and phenobarbital prevented convulsions. Due to the slow elimination of the active compound and its metabolites, the treatment must be continued for several days, gradually decreasing the dose of anticonvulsant based on the clinical response.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazards during fire-fighting:
- carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen fluoride, Hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, acid halides
If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire.

Advice for fire-fighters
Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
- Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
- Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/ firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions
Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.
7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling
RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:
The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Personal protective equipment
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) TC23C Chemical/Mechanical type filter system to remove a combination of particles, gas and vapours. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.
**Hand protection:**
Chemical resistant protective gloves. Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

**Eye protection:**
Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

**Body protection:**
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

**General safety and hygiene measures:**
Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Workplace should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

---

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>odourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>not applicable, odour not perceivable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>light brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH value</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10 g/l)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk density</td>
<td>dropped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow)</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal decomposition</td>
<td>carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, Sulphur dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. If product is heated above decomposition temperature hazardous fumes may be released.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molar mass</td>
<td>437.15 g/mol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**
Corrosion to metals:
Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

**Chemical stability**

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
The product is chemically stable.
Hazardous polymerization will not occur. No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

**Conditions to avoid**

**Incompatible materials**  
strong oxidizing agents, bases, nitrates

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Decomposition products:  
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:  
Possible thermal decomposition products:  
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, Sulphur dioxide  
Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. If product is heated above decomposition temperature hazardous fumes may be released.

### 11. Toxicological information

**Primary routes of exposure**

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

**Acute Toxicity/Effects**

**Acute toxicity**  

**Oral**  
Type of value: LD50  
Species: rat  
Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation**  
Type of value: LC50  
Species: rat  
Value: > 2.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h

**Dermal**  
Type of value: LD50  
Species: rat  
Value: > 2,000 mg/kg

**Irritation / corrosion**  
Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause slight but temporary irritation to the eyes.

**Skin**
Species: rabbit
Result: Slightly irritating.

Eye
Species: rabbit
Result: non-irritant

Sensitization
Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Information on: fipronil
Buehler test
Species: guinea pig
Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Genetic toxicity

Information on: fipronil
Assessment of mutagenicity: Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: fipronil
Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term studies in rats the substance induced thyroid tumors. In long-term studies in rodents exposed to high doses, a tumorigenic effect was found; however, these results are thought to be due to a rodent-specific liver effect that is not relevant to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: fipronil
Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Symptoms of Exposure

CNS stimulation, tremors, convulsions
Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure
No data available.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity
Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic organisms.

**Toxicity to fish**

*Information on: fipronil*
- LC50 (96 h) 0.25 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss
- LC50 (96 h) 0.0852 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus
- LC50 (96 h) 0.43 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio

**Aquatic invertebrates**

*Information on: fipronil*
- EC50 (48 h) 0.19 mg/l, Daphnia magna
- LC50 (96 h) 0.00014 mg/l, Mysidopsis bahia

**Aquatic plants**

*Information on: fipronil*
- EC50 (96 h) 0.068 mg/l (biomass), Scenedesmus subspicatus
- EC50 (336 h) > 0.160 mg/l, Lemna minor
- EC50 (120 h) > 0.140 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
- EC50 (120 h) > 0.170 mg/l, Anabaena flos-aquae
- EC50 (120 h) > 0.170 mg/l, Navicula sp.

**Other terrestrial non-mammals**

*Information on: fipronil*
- LD50 (48 d) 0.00593 ug/bee (contact), Apis mellifera
- LD50 (48 d) 0.00417 ug/bee (oral), Apis mellifera

---

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal of substance:**
Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container disposal:**
Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.
Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations.
Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

---

### 14. Transport Information

Reference Bill of Lading
15. Regulatory Information

**Federal Regulations**

**Registration status:**
- Chemical TSCA, US blocked / not listed
- Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

**Labeling requirements under FIFRA**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

**CAUTION:**
- HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
- HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.
- HARMFUL IF INHALED.
- May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours/mists.
- Wash thoroughly after handling.

16. Other Information

**SDS Prepared by:**
- BASF NA Product Regulations
- SDS Prepared on: 2015/07/01

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

IMPORTANT: WHILE THE DESCRIPTIONS, DESIGNS, DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH AND BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, IT IS PROVIDED FOR YOUR GUIDANCE ONLY. BECAUSE MANY FACTORS MAY AFFECT PROCESSING OR APPLICATION/USE, WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU MAKE TESTS TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF A PRODUCT FOR YOUR PARTICULAR PURPOSE PRIOR TO USE. NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE